

Mesoanalysis to Messaging



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2019 Spring Media Workshop

April 13, 2019

Forecasting to Mesoanalysis

Severe Weather Analysis Funnel

2+ Days In Advance

Heavily numerical model dependent
Conceptual models and experience nudgers
Still broad threat analysis, possible mode
Range of outcomes

Day Of

Situation dependent
Threat types focused on
More detailed parameters
Convection allowing
models

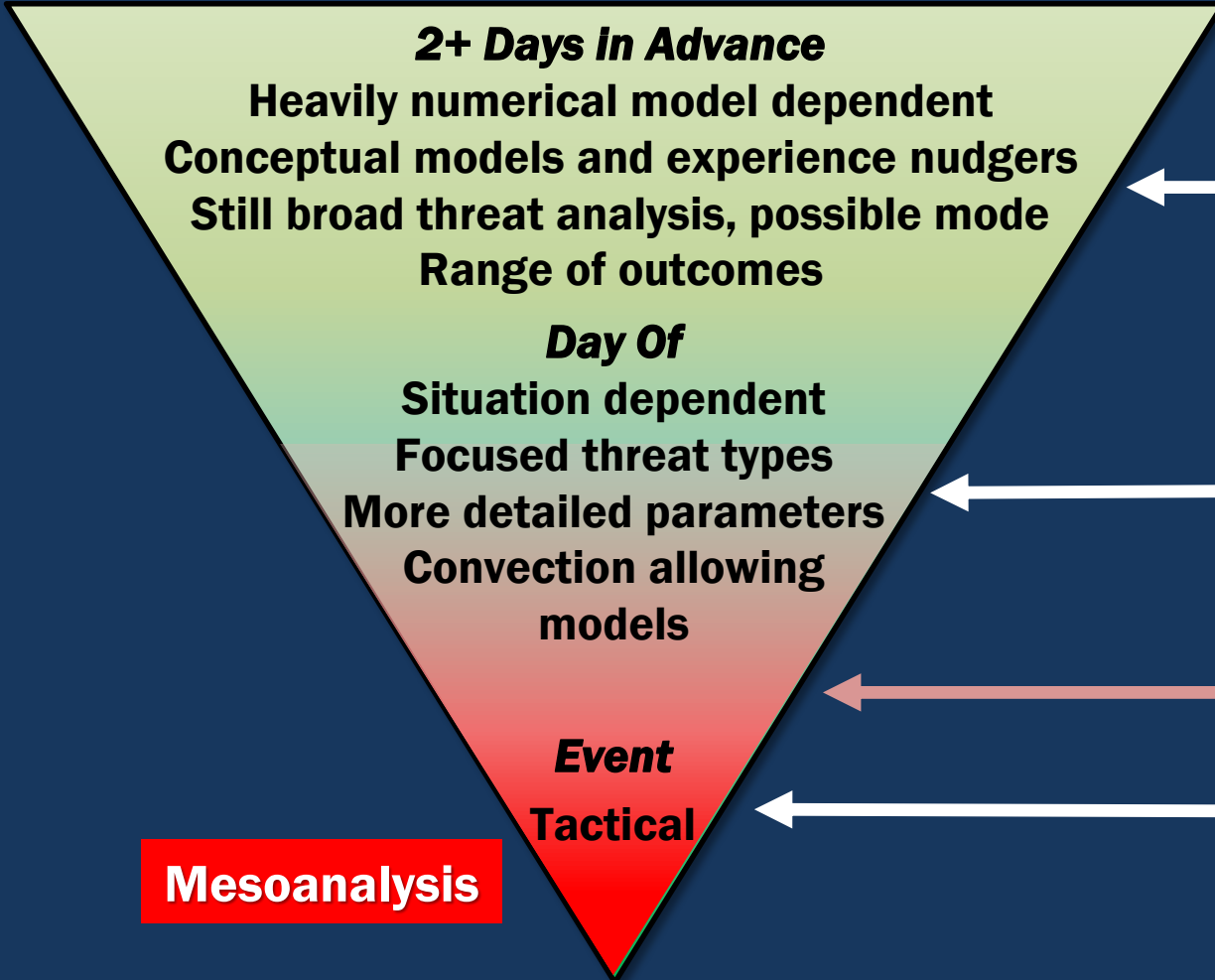
Event

Tactical

Mesoanalysis

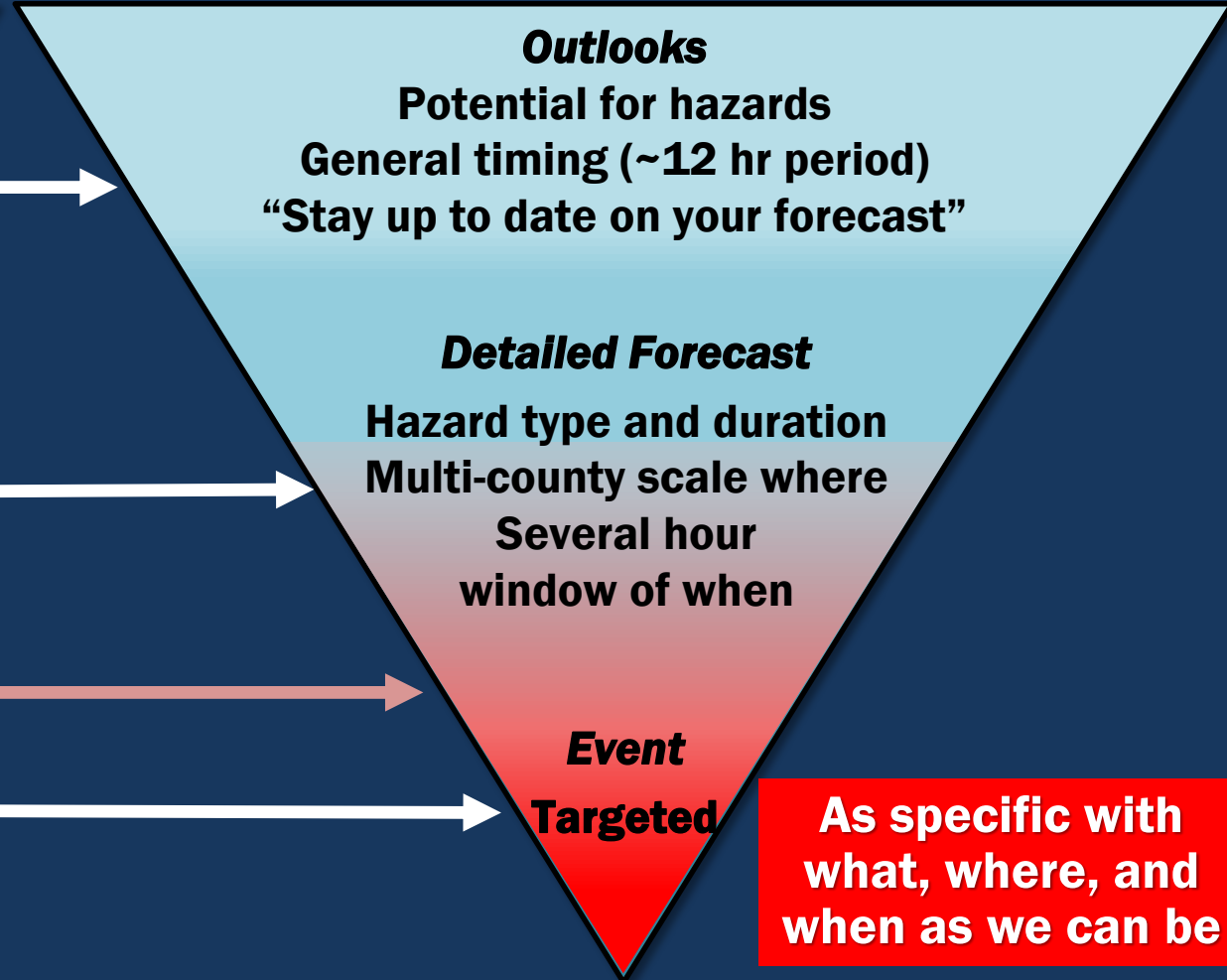
Correlating Service

Severe Weather Analysis Funnel

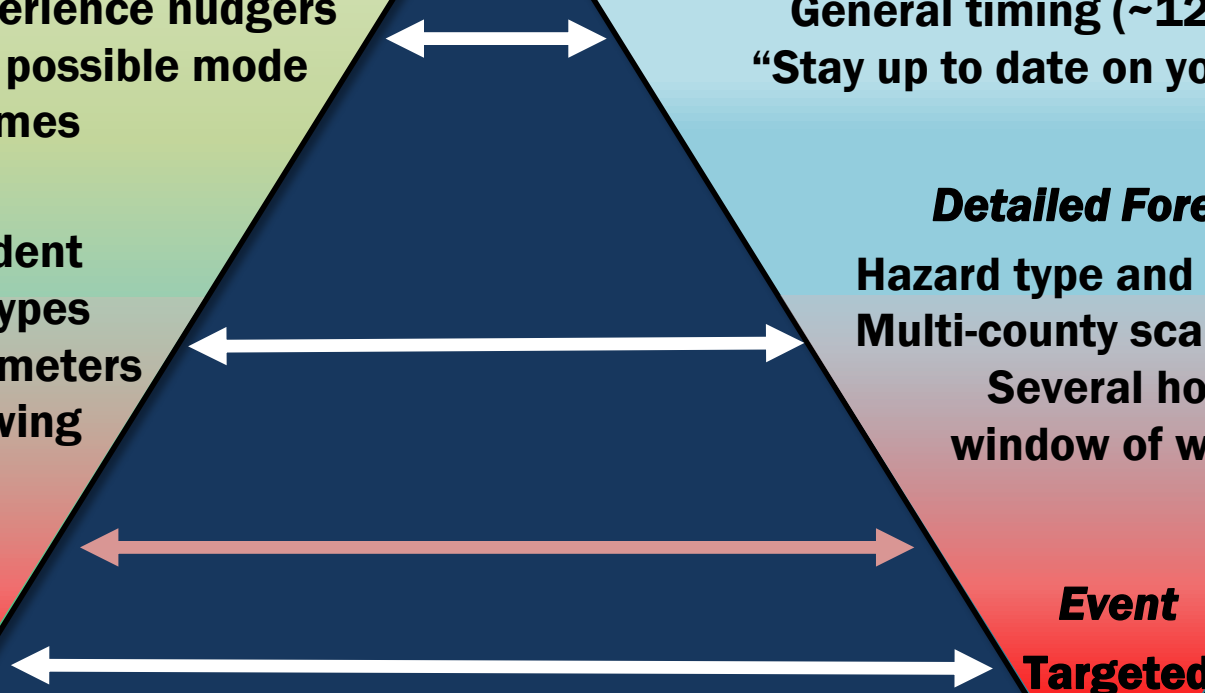


Mesoanalysis

Severe Weather Communication / Messaging Funnel



As specific with what, where, and when as we can be



The NWS Mesoanalyst Role

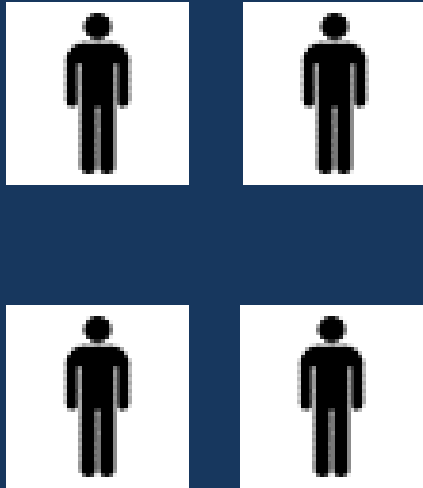
- Focused on detailed environmental analysis and trends
- Data management and interrogation
- Applying pattern recognition
- Understanding mode, intensity and longevity, threats, and impacts
- Briefing other staff - radar warning teams, communicators
- Bedrock to targeted communication



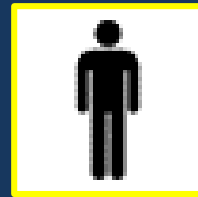
The NWS Chicago Severe Wx Operations

Example of a Sizeable Event

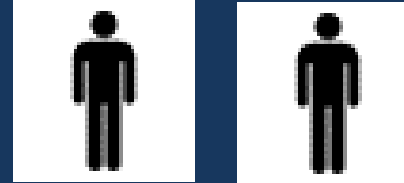
Warning Team(s)



Mesoanalyst



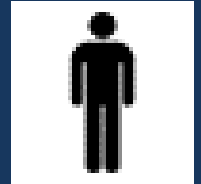
Communicator(s)



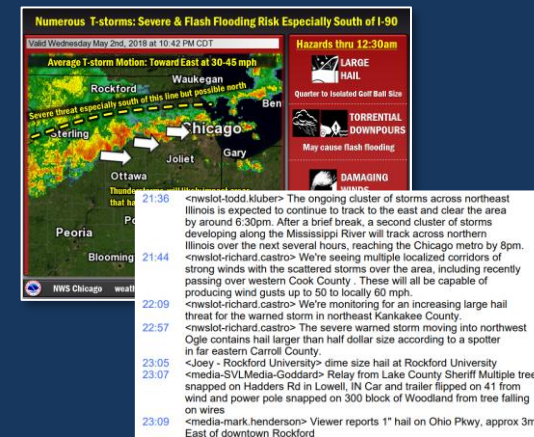
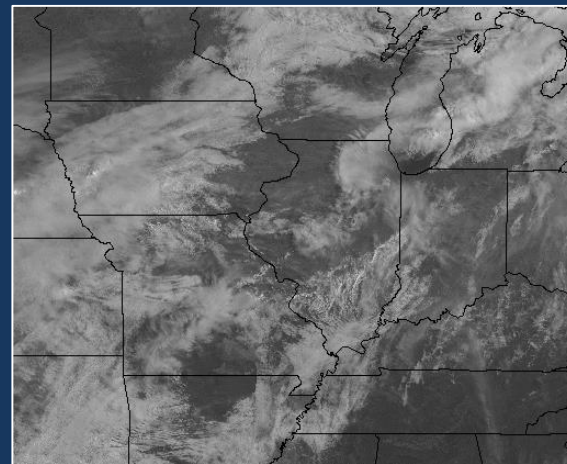
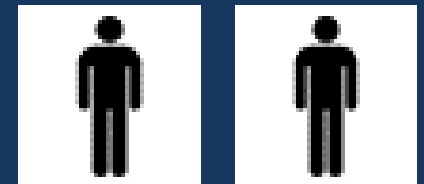
Report Data Mining



Coordinator



Other Forecast Services



Mesoanalysis Starts...

- Before the event begins
- Focuses in the hours leading up to an event
- Communicating insight before convection forms
- Ripe period for continuum of information flow
- Science to Service

Scattered Storms Developing; Slight Severe Threat

Forecast

Arcs of scattered storms, with the severe threat in any one location lasting 2-3 hrs



Storm Motion:
Moving quickly
NE at 70 mph

Potential Threats



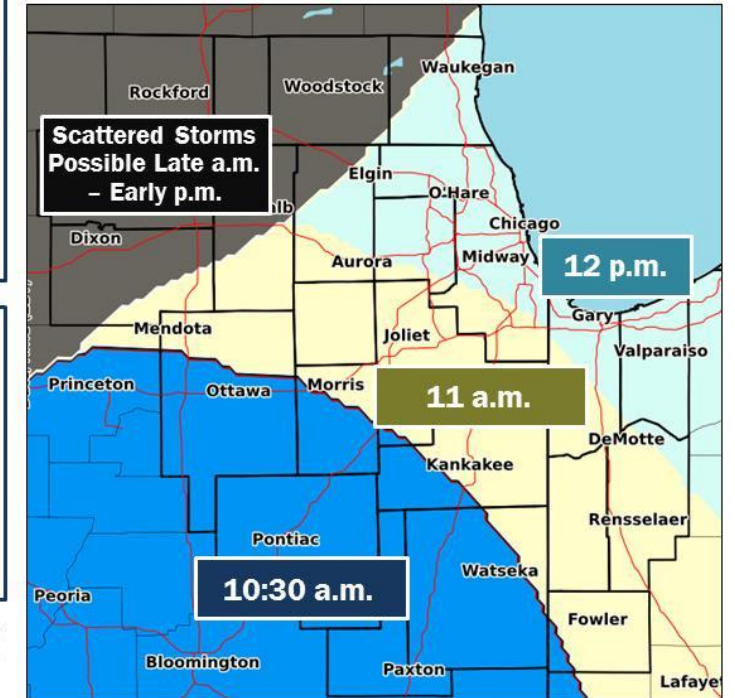
Lightning
Gusts to 60+ mph,
brief tornado threat
Non-storm gusts of 45+ mph
areawide this afternoon.

Be alert and weather aware!



NWS Chicago weather.gov/chicago

Start Time of Stronger Storms



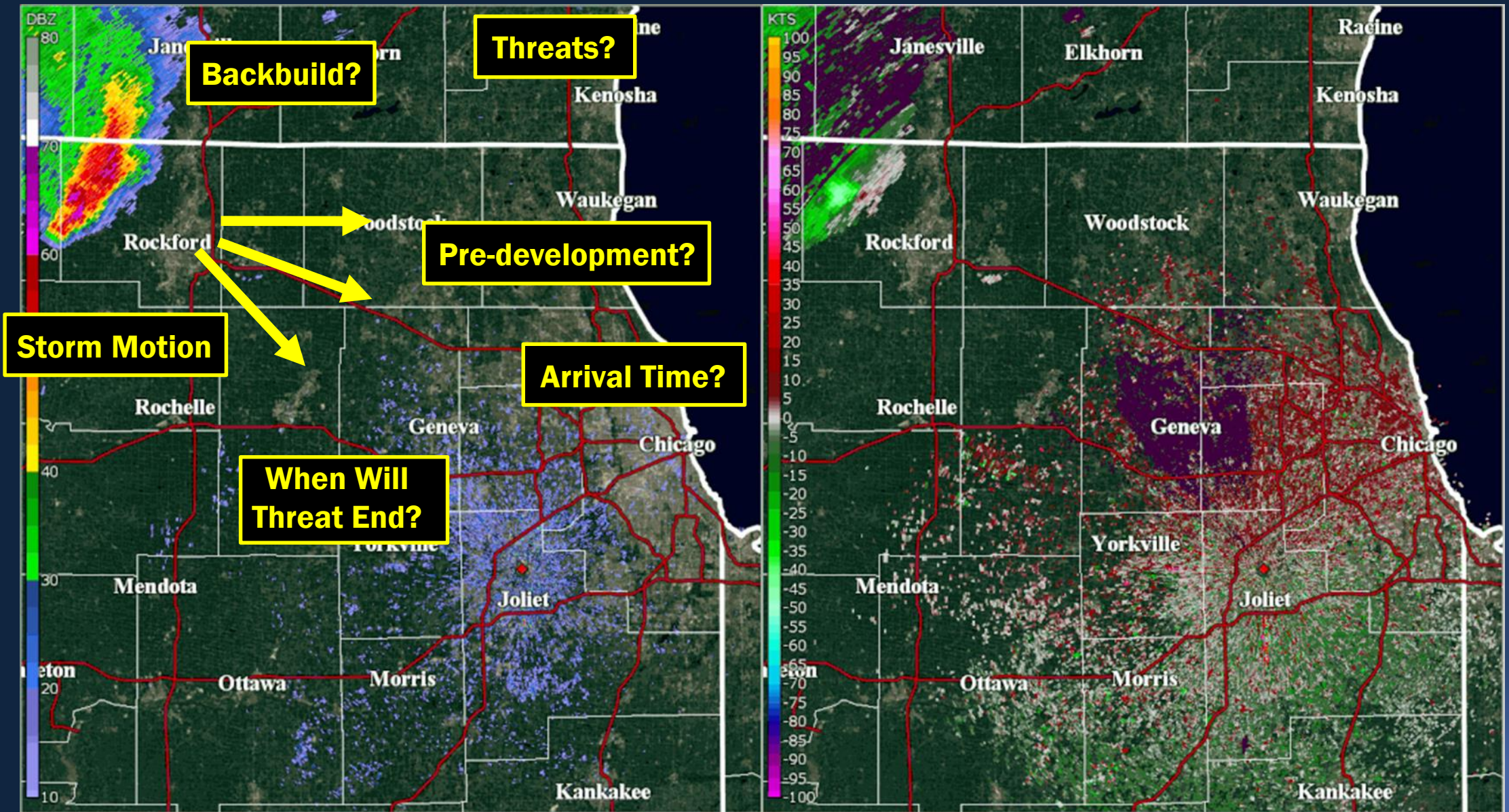
3/14/2019 9:35 a.m.

Mesoanalyst Insight

- **Mode & movement → coverage and timing of arrival**
- **Non-uniform movement → radar can't be extrapolated**
- **New development → radar can't be extrapolated**
- **Intensity trend → lightning threat and severe potential**
- **Significant vs non significant severe**
- **Likelihood and coverage of severe**
- **Anticipating the spectrum of radar signatures and behavior for the day**

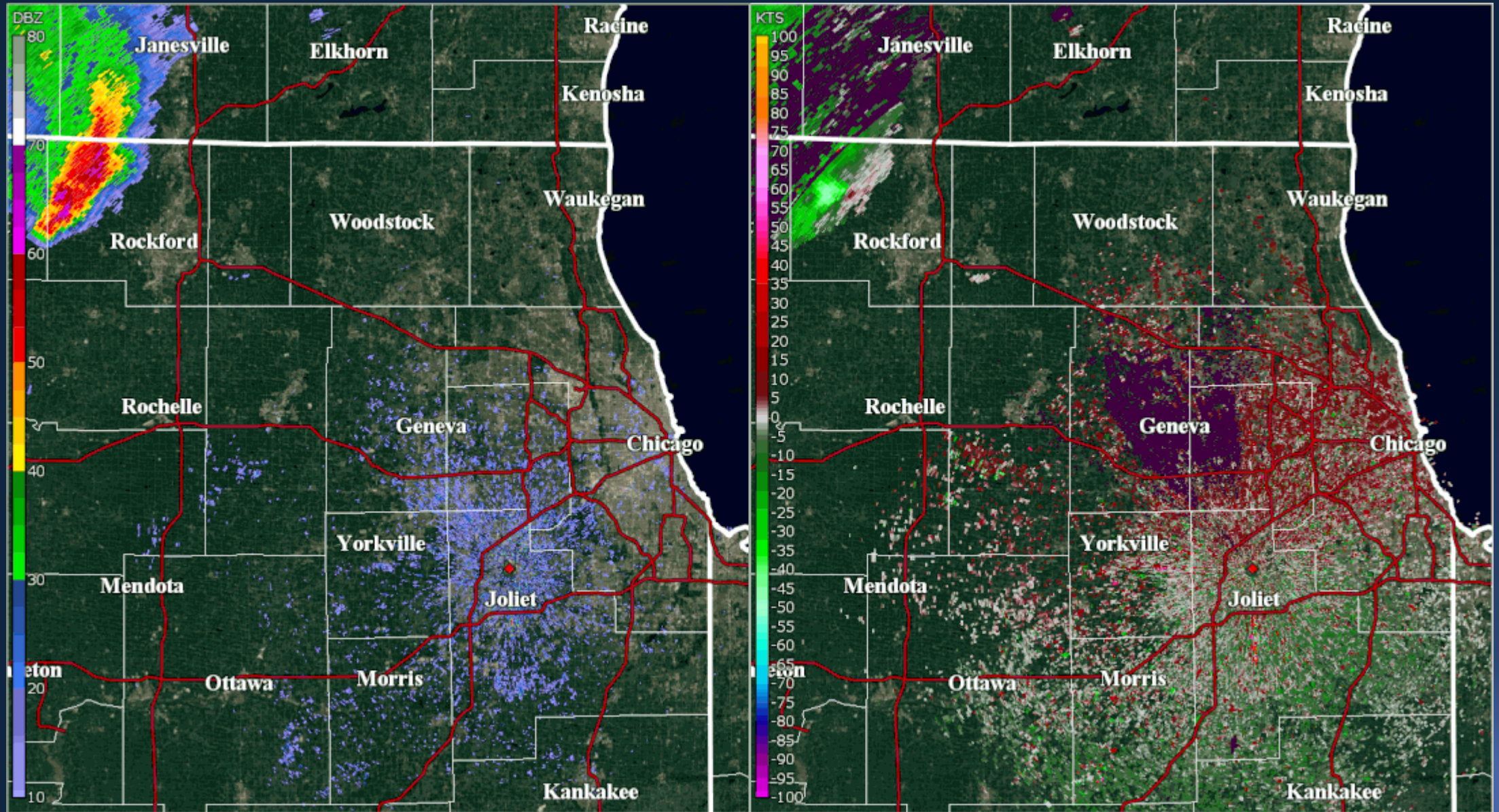
Mesoanalyst Insight

SVR Watch in effect



Mesoanalyst Insight

SVR Watch in effect



Rain Moving In Early This Evening

3:55 pm Radar



 Movement: East-Northeast at 40 mph

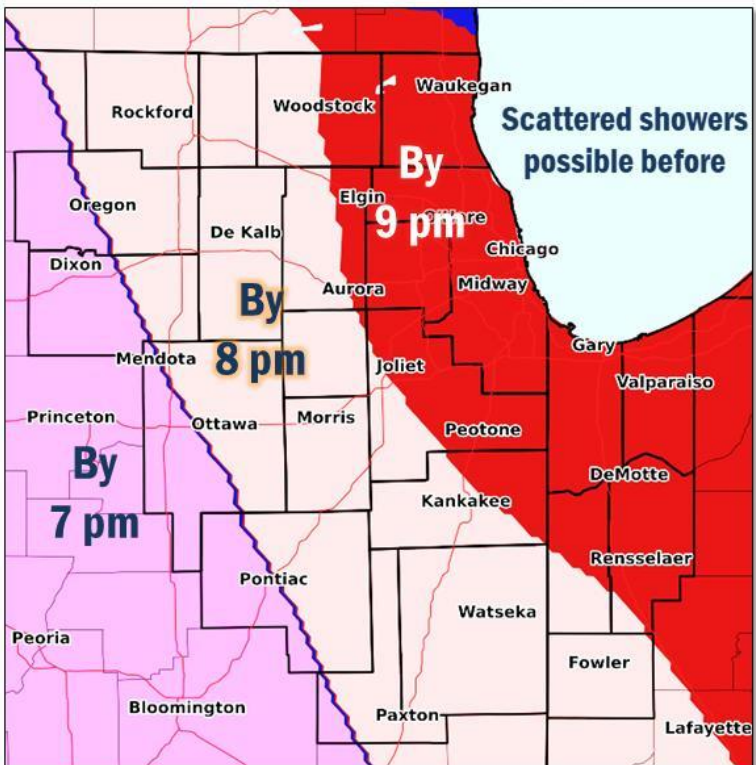
 Once starts, fairly widespread through the night

Lightning & flooding threat: Limited along/south of I-80

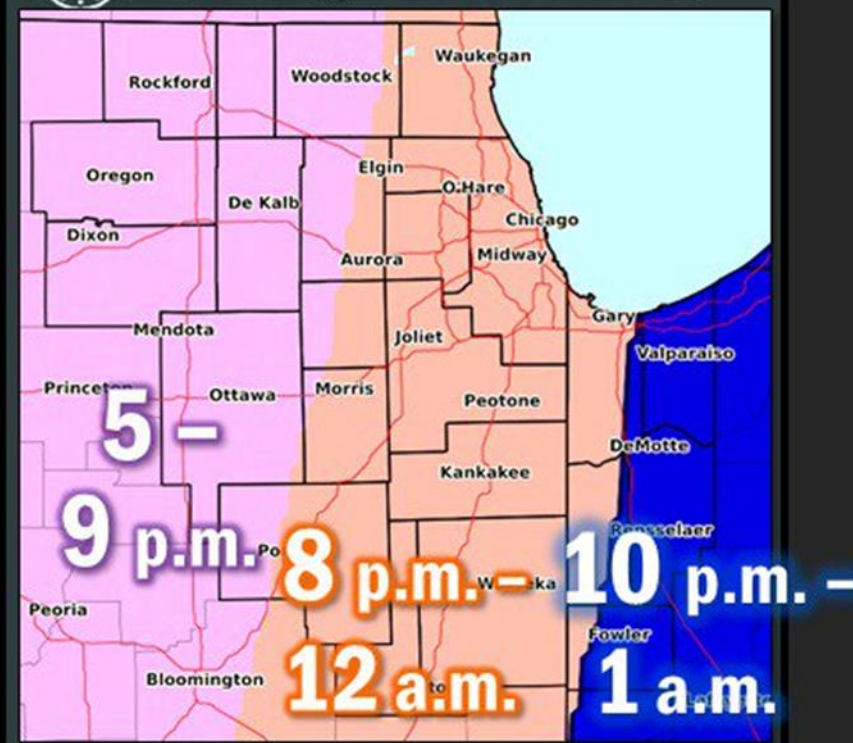


NWS Chicago weather.gov/chicago 3/29/2019 4:08 PM CT

Forecast Steady Rain Onset Time



Timing of Severe Risk



Rain Chances Increase This Evening

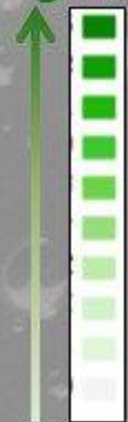


7 PM

9 PM

11 PM

Highest



Rain
Chances

Lowest

- Mainly on and off light rain
- Higher coverage of rain overnight
- A few moderate downpours possible overnight

NWS Chicago weather.gov/Chicago

Issued: 4/3/2019 5:01 PM Central



T-Storms Moving Across Portions of Northeast Illinois



Up to penny size hail possible

STORM MOTION: To the Northeast at 55 mph



Hazards



FREQUENT LIGHTNING



HAIL

Up to Penny Size

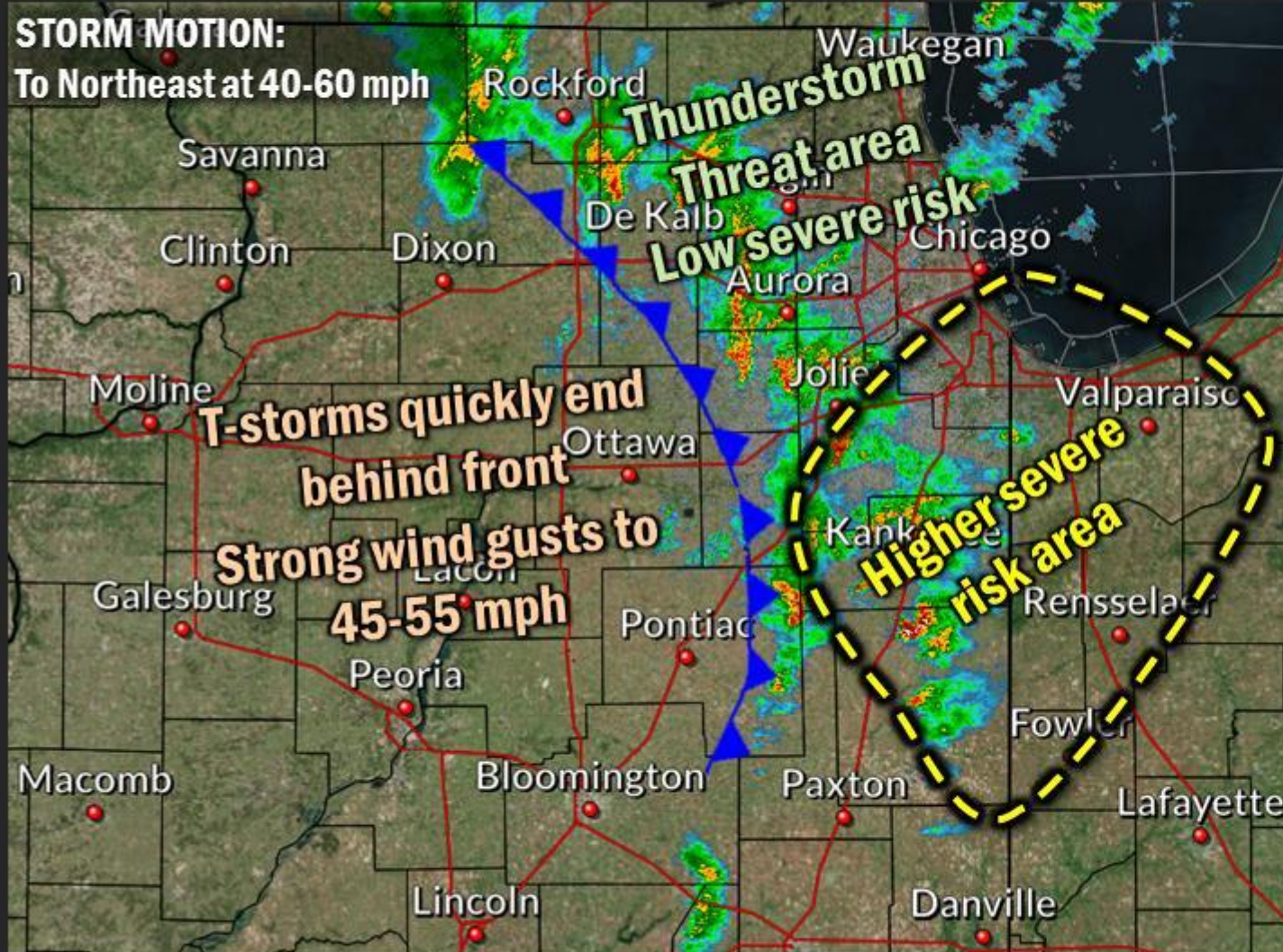
! Actions/Safety

- **When Thunder Roars, Go Indoors!**
- **Use caution driving in heavy rain & low visibility.**

SCATTERED THUNDERSTORMS...Some Severe



Thunderstorm Threat Thru About 3pm...Higher Severe Risk Southeast of I-55



Hazards



LIGHTNING



HEAVY DOWNPOURS

May cause ponding on roads



STRONG WINDS



60+ mph gusts
Isolated tornado risk

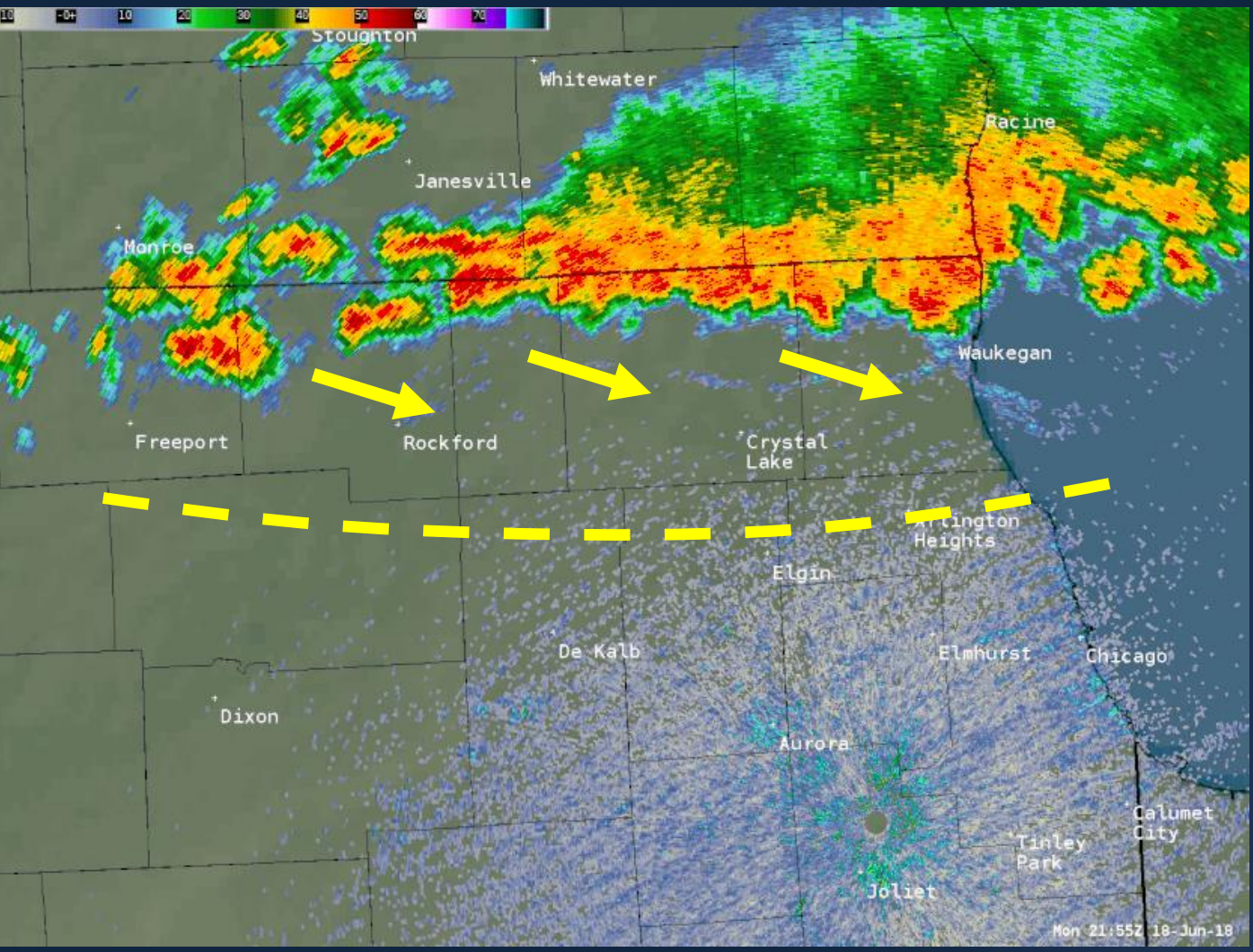


HAIL

Up to Quarter Size

! Actions/Safety

- **When Thunder Roars, Go Indoors!**
- **Use caution driving in heavy rain & low visibility.**



Storms with Torrential Downpours and Gusty Winds

Valid Monday June 18th, 2018 at 6:54 PM CDT

Average T-storm Motion: Toward East- Southeast at 30 mph

Flash Flooding Likely this evening.

Individual storms moving east, but the complex of Will gradually sag south into over IL through 8:30 PM

NWS Chicago weather.gov/chicago 6/18/2018 6:59 PM CT

Hazards

TORRENTIAL DOWNPOURS
May cause areas of flash flooding, especially in Rockford.

OCCASIONAL LIGHTNING

Wind gusts to 45+ mph

! Actions/Safety

- **NEVER** drive or walk across flooded roads.
- Turn Around, Don't Drown!
- When Thunder roars, Go Indoors!



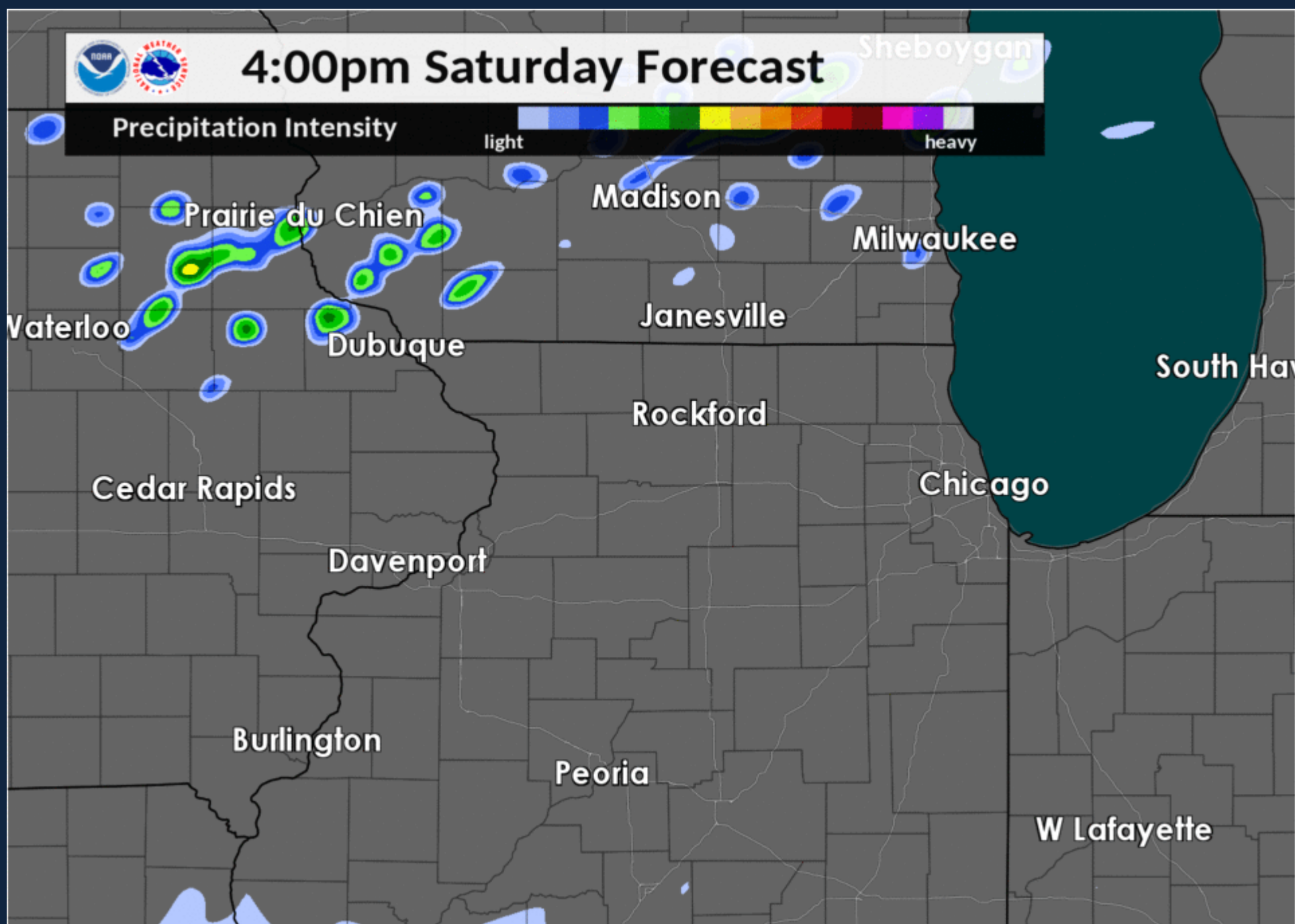
4:00pm Saturday Forecast

Sheboygan

Precipitation Intensity

light

heavy



Waterloo

Prairie du Chien

Madison

Milwaukee

Janesville

Dubuque

Rockford

South Har

Cedar Rapids

Chicago


Davenport

Burlington

Peoria

W Lafayette

The Data Dilemma

A hand is shown on the left side of the frame, gripping a brass and black high-pressure water hose. A powerful, wide spray of water is being directed from the nozzle towards the right, creating a large, bright, and somewhat blurred area of water spray that fills the middle and right portions of the image. The background is a dark, gradient blue.

Radar base data
Volumetric data
Radar derived data
Lightning data and trends
Suite of environmental parameters
Immediate near-storm environments
Soundings adapted for observations
Convection allowing model solutions
Broadcast media reports
Reports from all sources
Streaming video when available

SPC Mesoscale Analysis

Auto-refresh is set to every minute [OFF 1 min 5 min]

Change Sector Image Archive & Loops SPC Homepage Mobile Version

Operational EMC RAP

NEW: Double-click map for tornado climatology and environmental breakdowns.

Surface: 04/13/19 15 UTC
Model: 19041314f001

Observations Surface Upper Air Thermodynamics Wind Shear Composite Indices Multi-Parameter Fields Heavy Rain Winter Weather Fire Weather Classic Beta

NOAA/NWS/Storm Prediction Center Mesoscale Analysis Data

Trends/Forecast

-4	-2	-0	+0	+2	+4	+6
- SfcOA Diag -	- RAP/SfcOA Fcst -					

Image overlays:

- County Boundaries
- County Warning Areas
- Highways & Cities
- ARTCC Regions
- NWS Watches & Warns
- SPC Day1 Outlook

Image underlays:

Opacity

- None
- Radar
- Terrain
- Population
- Surface Obs

Current SPC Products

Show popup images?

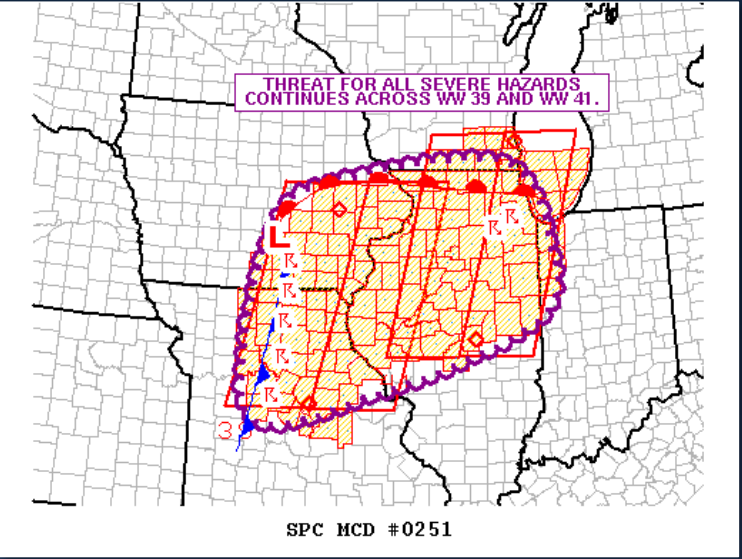
Day1 Convective Outlook
Issued at 1257 UTC
Probabilities: **Torn** **Hail** **Wind**

Day1 National Fire Outlook
Issued at 0607 UTC

SVR TSTM Watch #0052
Issued at 1500 UTC

SVR TSTM Watch #0050
Issued at 1250 UTC

Meso Discussion #0319
SEVERE POTENTIAL...WATCH LIKELY
Issued at 1449 UTC
This list updates automatically.



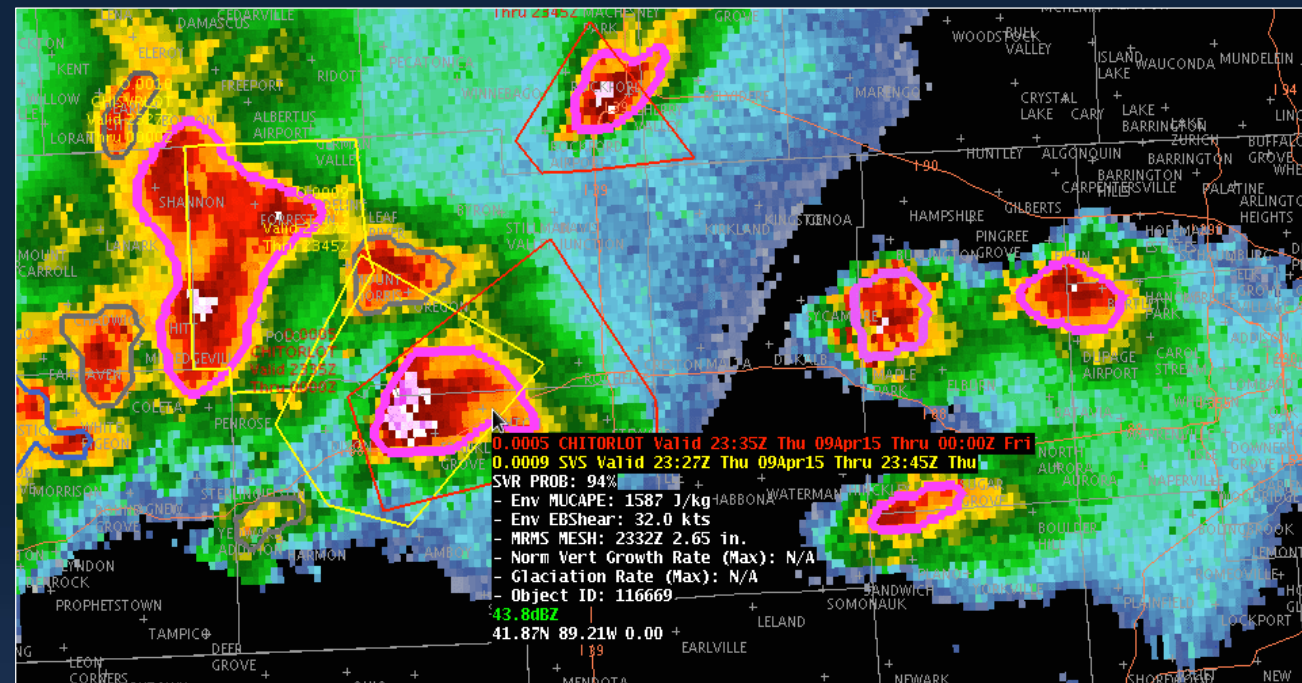
More frequent

NOAA/CIMMS ProbSevere Model

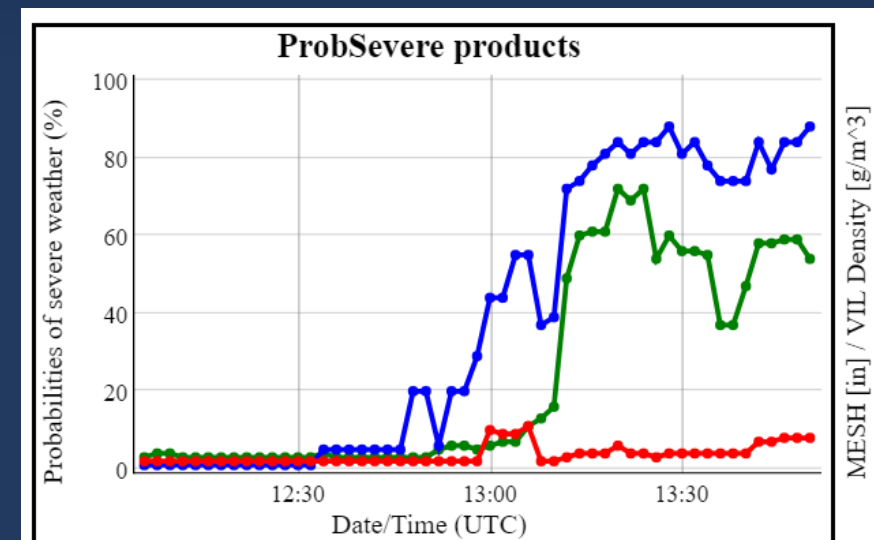
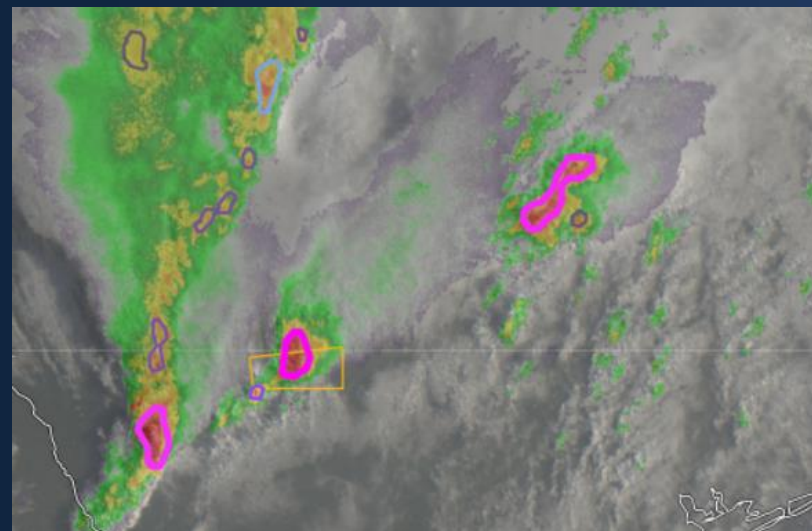
- Consolidate key observations and data into one “quick-look” product

- Decision assistance – not to be used alone for a decision to warn!

- Works best with lightning potential and hail threat



https://cimss.ssec.wisc.edu/severe_conv/probsev.html ([link](#))



Part 2: The Theory

$$\left(\nabla_p^2 + \frac{f_0^2}{\sigma} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial p^2} \right) \chi$$

$$= \underbrace{-\frac{f_0^2}{\sigma} \frac{\partial}{\partial p} \left[\frac{R}{p} (-\mathbf{V}_g \cdot \nabla_p T) \right]}_{\text{differential thermal advection}} + \underbrace{f_0 [-\mathbf{V}_g \cdot \nabla_p (\zeta_g + f)]}_{\text{vorticity advection}},$$

Hypsometric Equation

$$\Delta Z = \frac{R_d T_v}{g_0} \ln \left(\frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)$$

ΔZ = Thickness

R_d = gas constant

g_0 = gravity

T_v = virtual temperature

P_1 = pressure at base

P_2 = pressure at top

$$\frac{du}{dt} - fv - \frac{uv}{a} \tan \varphi = -\frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{RT}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial \pi}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{g}{p_s} \frac{\partial F_u^{vdf}}{\partial \sigma} + F_\lambda^{diff}$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} + fu + \frac{u^2}{a} \tan \varphi = -\frac{1}{a} \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \varphi} - \frac{RT}{a} \frac{\partial \pi}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{g}{p_s} \frac{\partial F_v^{vdf}}{\partial \sigma} + F_\varphi^{diff},$$

$$\frac{d\pi}{dt} = -\frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) - \frac{\partial \dot{\sigma}}{\partial \sigma},$$

$$\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \sigma} = -\frac{RT}{\sigma},$$

$$\frac{dq}{dt} = \frac{g}{p_s} \frac{\partial F_q^{vdf}}{\partial \sigma} + F_q^{diff} + S_q^{cond},$$

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = \frac{RT}{c_p} \left\{ \frac{\partial \pi}{\partial t} + \frac{u}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial \pi}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{v}{a} \frac{\partial \pi}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{\dot{\sigma}}{\sigma} \right\}$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t} = -(\vec{V} \cdot \nabla) \vec{V} - \frac{1}{\rho} \nabla p - \vec{g} - 2\vec{\Omega} \times \vec{V} + \nabla \cdot (k_\omega \nabla \vec{V}) - \vec{F}_a$$

$$\rho c_p \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = -\rho c_p (\vec{V} \cdot \nabla) T - \nabla \cdot \vec{R} + \nabla \cdot (k_t \nabla T) + C + S$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = -(\vec{V} \cdot \nabla) \rho - \rho (\nabla \cdot \vec{V})$$

$$\frac{\partial q}{\partial t} = -(\vec{V} \cdot \nabla) q + \nabla \cdot (k_q \nabla q) + S_q + E$$

Mesoanalysis to Messaging



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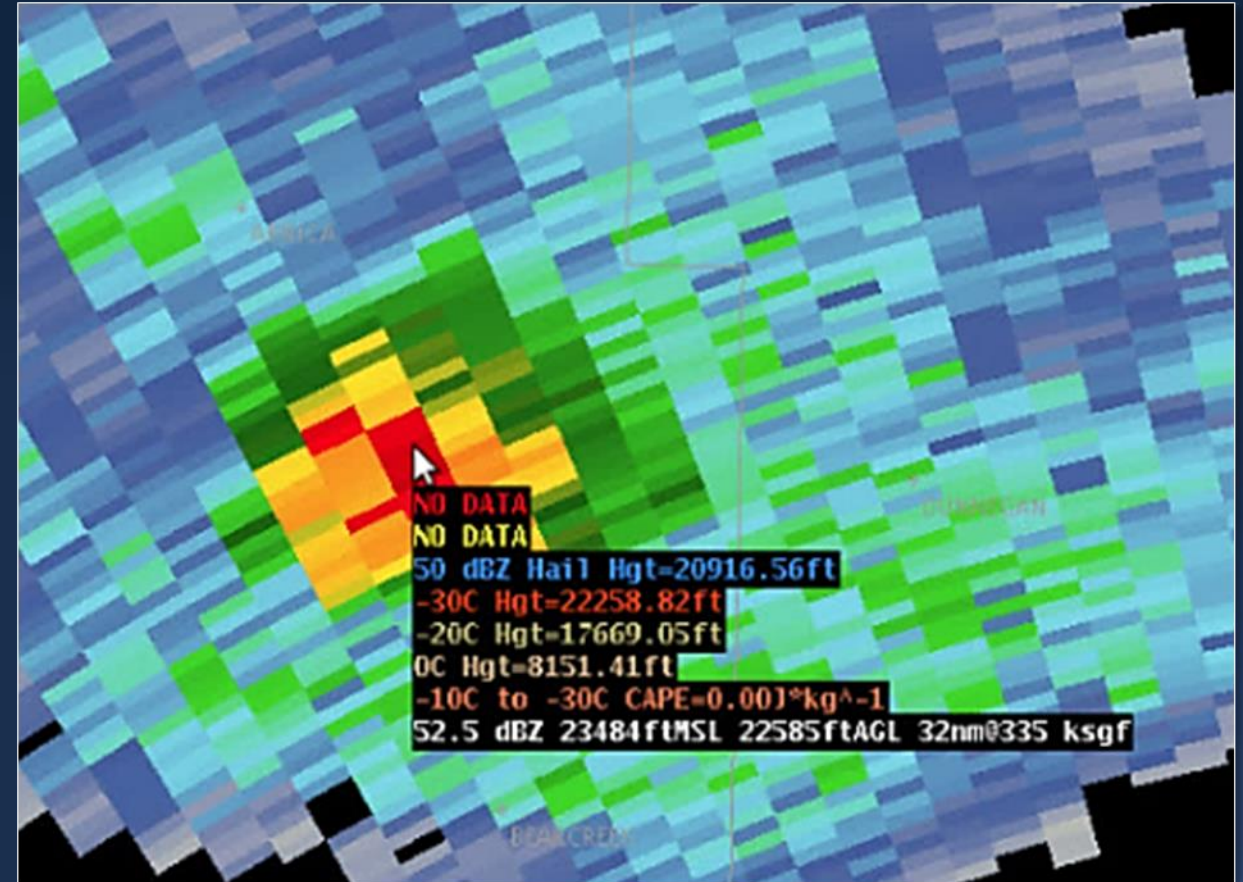
2019 Spring Media Workshop

April 13, 2019

Near-Storm Environment Analysis

Combining Radar and Environment

- Displays critical mesoscale parameters in conjunction with radar or satellite data



Decision-Making

- **Data and information organization is essential in the discipline of warning operations, and in weather in general!**
- **Pre-planning data layouts and interrogation strategies**
- **Practicing them, learning from others, and sharing**



Onset Time

OnsetTime Values

Output:
 Onset
 EndTiming

What to time:
 Snow (Wx and PoP)
 Thunder (PotThunder only)
 Measurable Precip (PoP only)
 Heavy Precip (QPF only)
 Heavy Rain (QPF and T>32)
 Sticking/freezing precipitation
 Heavy snow
 Freezing Rain (Wx and PoP)
 Rain ptype
 High WindGusts

PoP Threshold for measurable, sticking or freezing precipitation:

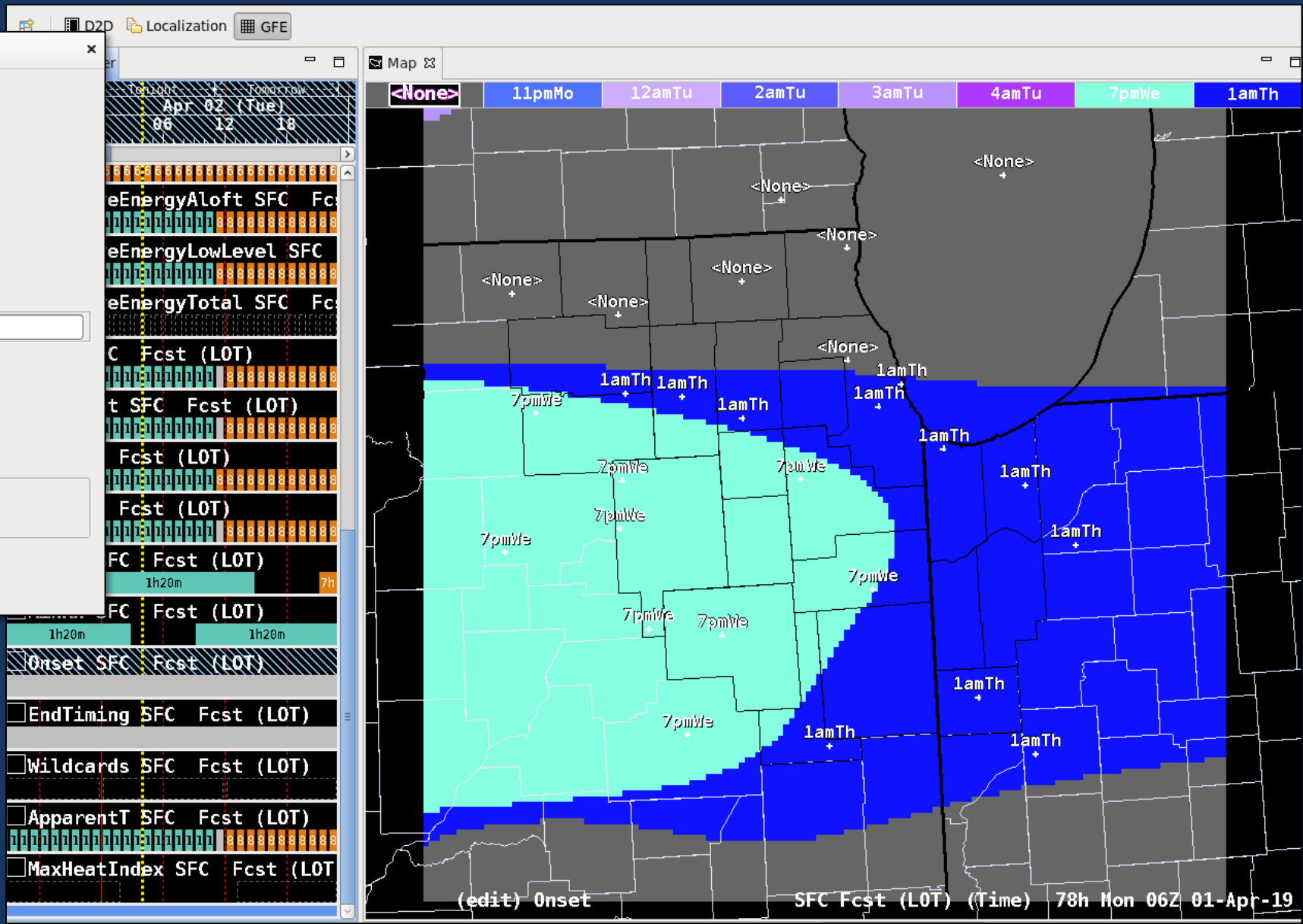
PotThunder Threshold:

SnowAmt Threshold for heavy snow (in/hr):

QPF Threshold for Heavy Precip (QPF only) (in/hr):

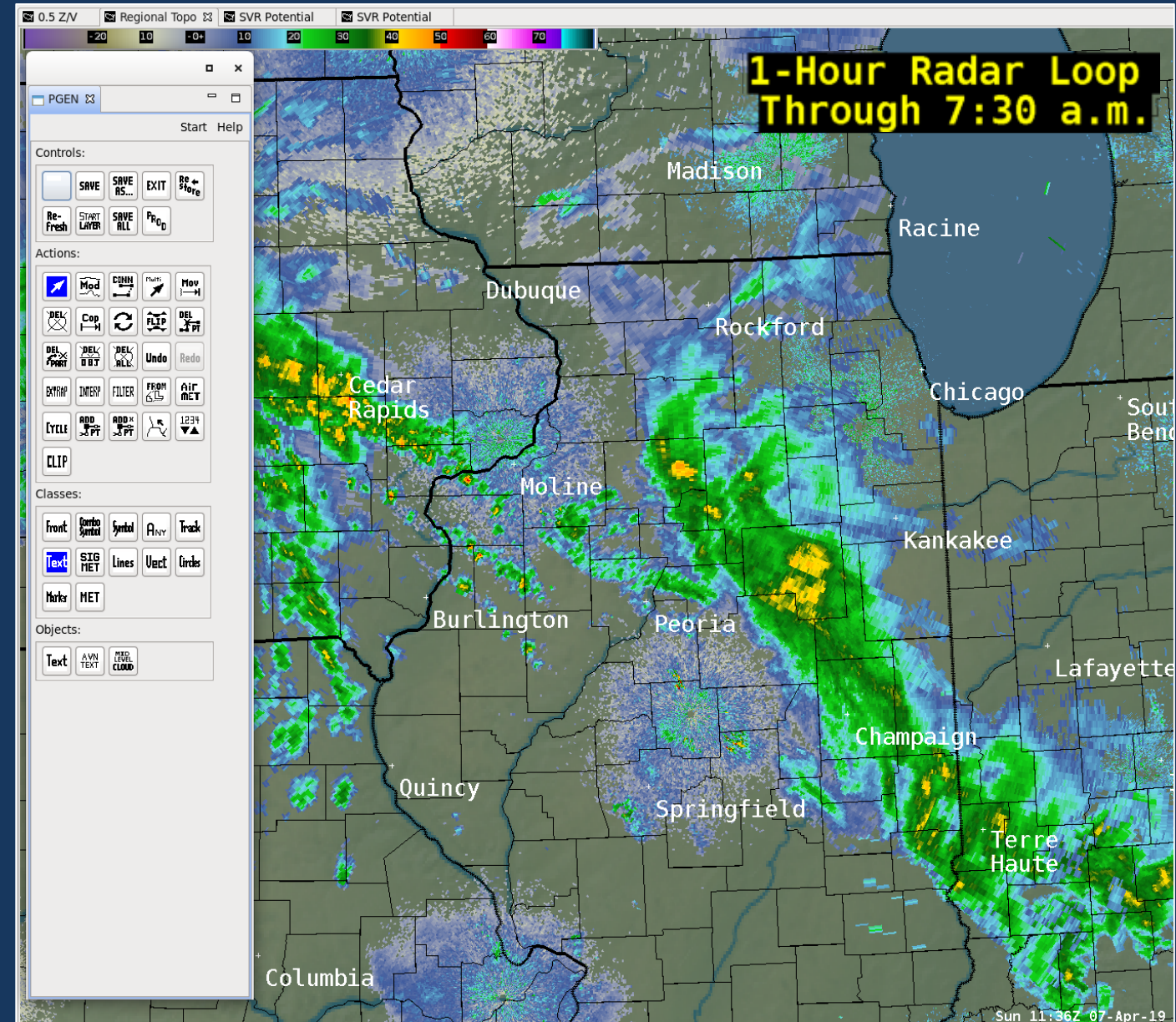
Windgust Threshold kts:

Hours without precip to end event:



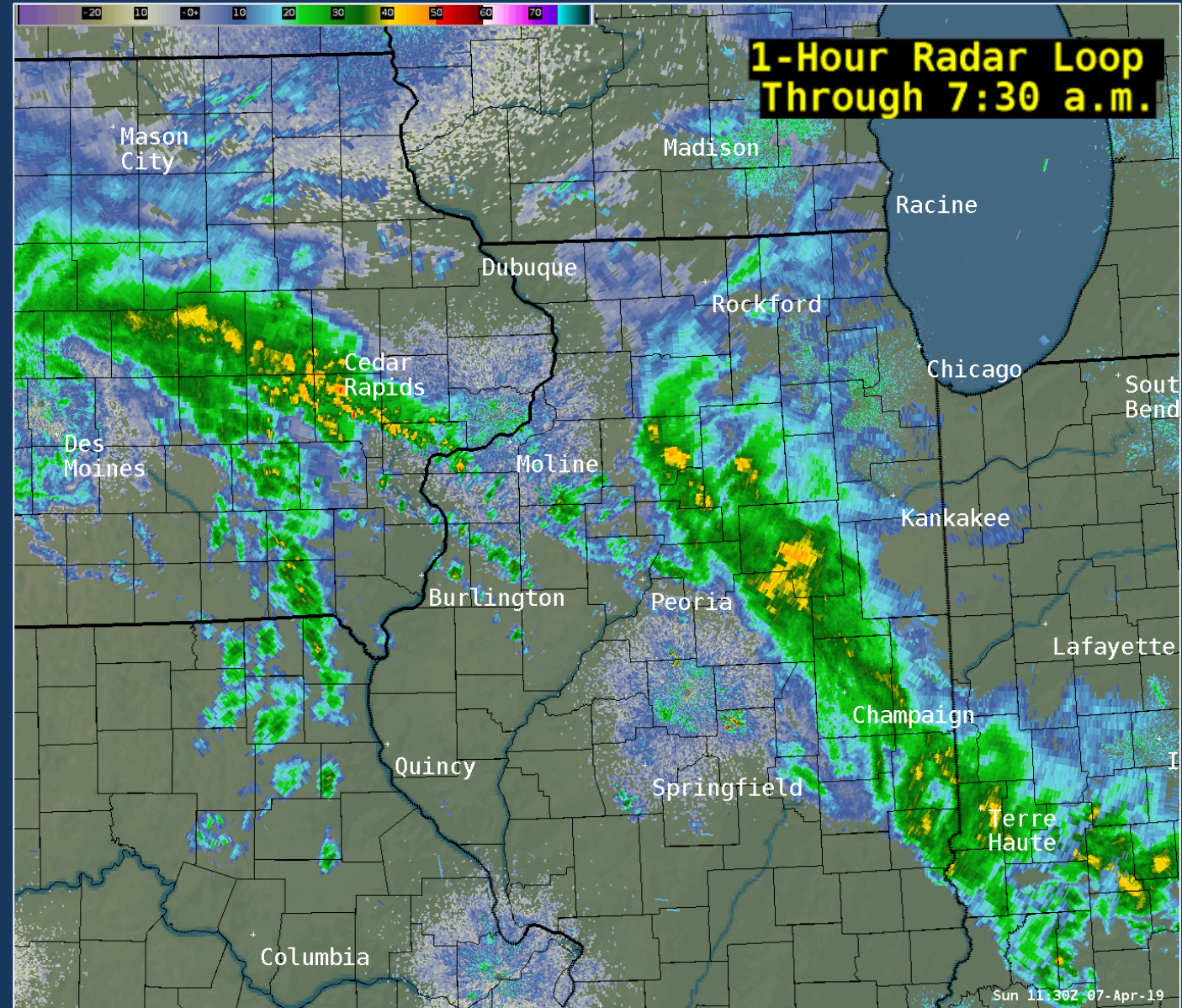
P-GEN in AWIPS

- Allows for some basic graphical interpretation
- Can be done on a loop



P-GEN in AWIPS

- Allows for some basic graphical interpretation
- Can be done on a loop



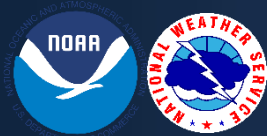
The Mesoanalyst

Core Science to Service Role



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NOAA / National Weather Service - Chicago, IL



2019 Spring Workshop
April 9, 2019